

The Planning Rules and Code

Background

Planning can be a complex area and therefore an overview of the planning process is set out on the website [\[link\]](#).

Herefordshire Council, like all local planning authorities is required to determine planning applications in accordance with local, regional and national policy having regard for all material considerations.

There are a number of different types of planning applications that can be made, for example applications for planning permission, applications for listed building consent, applications for advertisement consents and notification of proposed works to trees in a conservation area.

Applications for planning permission have to be determined within National Government set timescales which are currently:

- 8 weeks for minor development. These are applications for planning permission for developments such as structural extensions, small (less than 10 houses) housing developments, change of use, works outside the garden associated with a dwelling e.g. stables.
- 13 weeks for major development. These are applications for planning permission:
 - (a) more than 10 dwellings;
 - (b) where the number of dwellings is not stated the application site is more than 0.5 hectares or more
 - (c) the floor space to be built is 1000 sqm or more and the application is more the 1 hectare; and
- 16 weeks for applications accompanied by an Environmental Impact Assessment. These are defined in The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 including planning applications that are likely to have significant effects on sensitive areas, such as: sites of special scientific interest, National Parks, Broads, World Heritage sites, Scheduled Ancient Monuments, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty and sites protected under Habitats law.

The Planning Rules and Code compliment the Councillor Code of Conduct with which Councillors should be familiar.

The obligations and responsibilities set out in the Planning Rules and Code apply to all Councillors of the Planning and Regulatory Committee and in similar ways to all other Councillors.

The Council's planning policies are adopted in the public interest for the benefit of the whole community rather than for any particular individual or interest group. Decisions are required to be taken in accordance with the current development plan and having regard to all material considerations. Each planning application is considered on its merits. However, planning decisions by their very nature are often contentious, with strong contrary views being expressed. Any decision can be the subject of detailed scrutiny or challenge. Failure to follow the requirements of the Council's Planning Rules and Code may result in sanctions under the Councillor Code of Conduct, or may be regarded by the Local Government Ombudsman as incompatible with good administration.

The Planning Rules and Code covers the whole of the planning process, including policy formulation and development control, and all Councillors and Officers who come into contact with it. The Planning Rules and Code is designed to promote greater mutual support and understanding between Councillors and Officers to the benefit of all involved in the planning process. It is also

designed to give the public greater confidence that Herefordshire Council discharges its planning responsibilities fairly and openly

4.8.1 Involvement in planning applications

4.8.2 In making decisions on planning applications, Planning Officers and Councillors will:

- (a) act fairly and openly and without prejudice
- (b) approach each application with an open mind
- (c) carefully weigh up all the material planning considerations
- (d) avoid inappropriate contact with interested parties
- (e) ensure that valid reasons for decisions are clearly stated.

4.8.3 Councillors will be free to vote on planning applications as they consider appropriate (that is, without a Party 'whip'), having proper regard for all the relevant information, evidence and arguments. In accordance with the requirements of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, decisions **will be** based on the provisions of the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy 2011 – 2031 and all material planning considerations.

4.8.4 Councillors **must not** give instructions to Officers nor place pressure on officers in order to secure a particular recommendation on a planning application.

4.8.5 Councillors **will not** use their position improperly to confer or secure for themselves, or for any other person, an advantage or disadvantage.

4.8.6 Training

4.8.7 Councillors who are a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will be required to undergo mandatory training in planning procedures. This will normally take place within three months of appointment to the committee and at appropriate intervals thereafter. A record will be kept by the Monitoring Officer of the training you undertake. Members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee who have not undertaken the training, may not participate in meetings of the Planning and Regulatory committee until such training has been completed

4.8.8 Discussions with applicants

4.8.9 Pre-application meetings with prospective applicants are encouraged, but, to avoid misunderstandings, they require a degree of formality. They will normally involve Planning Officers, and will follow the guidance in the following paragraph.

4.8.10 It will be made clear at the start of pre-application meetings that:

- (a) Councillors' or Planning Officers' initial views and advice are given on a without prejudice basis which will be consistent with the provisions of the current Local Plan Core Strategy and other adopted Council policies
- (b) no decisions may be made or advice given which would bind or otherwise compromise any planning decision
- (c) Councillors should not give separate advice on the development plan, material considerations, or planning obligations

4.8.11 A written note must be made of the pre-application meeting and will be made available for public inspection, subject to the usual rules about access to information, if and when an application is submitted.

4.8.12 Councillors may, following discussion with the appropriate Planning Officer, take part in organised post-submission meetings with applicants or other parties. A note of any discussions will be taken and will be made available for public inspection, subject to the usual rules about access to information. It is recommended that at least one Planning Officer be present at all such meetings.

4.8.13 Lobbying

4.8.14 Lobbying can take place by way of an approach to an individual or a group of Councillors, by telephone, or on a chance meeting, or by way of a request to see all or some of the members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee. It is an essential part of the democratic process that members of the public should be able to make their views known to you. However, to avoid Councillors who are members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee compromising their position before they have received all the relevant information, evidence and arguments, they must:

- (a) take care about expressing an opinion that may be taken as indicating that they have already made up their mind on the issue before they have taken into account all relevant considerations.
- (b) direct lobbyists or objectors to the Planning Officer, and
- (c) advise the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste as soon as possible of the existence of any substantial or abnormal lobbying activity.

4.8.15 Hospitality

4.8.16 Councillors are strongly discouraged from receiving hospitality from people with an interest in any planning proposals. If receipt of hospitality is unavoidable, Councillors will ensure that it is of the minimum level and, if it exceeds the level to which the requirement for declarations of gifts and hospitality applies, Councillors must declare the offer as soon as possible in the register kept by the Monitoring Officer.

4.8.17 Planning Officers may not receive gifts or hospitality beyond usual refreshment (such as tea or coffee) at a meeting, from people with an interest in a planning application/proposal.

4.8.18 Initial submission of applications

4.8.19 All Councillors will be informed by email on the submission of a new planning application in their ward.

4.8.20 All applications will proceed and will be determined under delegated powers unless they fall within the category of applications automatically to be referred to committee or are redirected as provided for under the redirection arrangements in these rules. Paragraph 4.8.21 and 4.8.22 below applies only to planning applications which are to be determined under delegated powers.

4.8.21

- (a) the Planning Officer allocated to the planning application will telephone and/ or email the Ward Councillor (and/or where necessary arrange a meeting) to update

the Ward Councillor on the processing of the application and any comments received.

- (b) as part of this initial conversation the Planning Officer will also identify to the Ward Councillor whether an application triggers the need for a section 106 agreement in accordance with the council's adopted Planning Obligations Supplementary Planning Document.
- (c) in the case of applications requiring a Section 106 agreement the Planning Officer will have a subsequent conversation/meeting with the Ward Councillor to ensure that local mitigation measures are appropriately incorporated. As part of this process Planning Officers and Councillors will be guided by the Planning Policy Guidance on Planning Obligations, the Council's adopted Supplementary Planning Guidance and the evolving schedule of local needs co-ordinated by the Planning Obligations Manager.

4.8.22 The Ward Councillor for the purpose of 4.8.22 is/are the Councillor/Councillors in whose ward the application is located, or whose wards are materially affected by the planning application.

4.8.23 Determination of application at Committee

4.8.24 Members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee have the power to determine applications for planning permission and applications for listed building consent which are not decided by an Officer which including those matters redirected to the Planning and Regulatory Committee for determination under the Redirection Arrangements set out in 4.8.70 – 4.8.84.

4.8.25 Substitutes

4.8.26 Substitute members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee are permitted but any substitute member will be required to undertake mandatory training in planning procedures and be appropriately trained to the same level as the member they are substituting for.

4.8.27 Substitute members have all the powers and duties of an ordinary member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee.

4.8.28 A substitute member must be identified by name as replacing a primary member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee before a committee meeting.

4.8.30 Site Inspections

4.8.31 Site Inspections by the Planning and Regulatory Committee can be helpful in reaching a decision on issues where site circumstances are clearly fundamental to the decision. This is true particularly when the issues concern, for example, visual impact, the character of a historic building or the effect of development on local amenity. However, site inspections are costly, cause delay to decisions and are an unsuitable place for holding a reasoned debate.

4.8.32 The criteria for holding site inspections are:

- (a) the character or appearance of the proposed development itself is a fundamental planning consideration; or

- (b) a judgement is required on visual impact; or
- (c) the setting and surroundings are fundamental to the determination or to the conditions being considered, and cannot reasonably be made without visiting the site in question.

4.8.33 The Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee and the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste will determine which planning applications will be the subject of a prior site inspection. This does not prevent any member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee requesting a site inspection at the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting when it has not already been visited by this procedure.

4.8.34 Site Inspections should not be held when inspection of the site is irrelevant to the material planning considerations. Any member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee may request a site inspection, but reasons based on the above criteria must be stated. Where a motion for a site visit is moved at a meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee it will be put to the vote immediately; if the motion is carried there will be no further discussion of the planning application which will be deferred to a later meeting date after a site visit has taken place.

4.8.35 The purpose of the site visit is fact finding and familiarisation of the site of a planning application. Planning Officers will be able to point out relevant features of the site and surroundings. Members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will be able to see the physical features of the site and ask questions through the Chairperson or the Planning Officers to seek clarification. Neither the applicant/agent nor third parties will be allowed to participate in the site inspection. The input of these parties is made at the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting itself. At the discretion of the Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee the appropriate parish or town council may be invited to observe the inspection. Where a parish or town council is invited to a site visit it will be made clear that any access onto the application site will be subject to permission from the owner/applicant. Where permission is not granted the parish or town council should view the site from public vantage points only. On a site visit a parish or town council may not contribute to the opportunity to ask questions of Planning Officers on site.

4.8.36 No discussion of the merits of the planning application is permitted at site inspections and all questions from Councillors will be put through the Chairperson.

4.8.37 The site inspection party will stay together as a group. Wherever possible the party should arrive at and leave the site together.

4.8.38 As a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee when on site visits Councillors should not make any comments that could create an impression that they have already formed a view on the merits of the planning application. No decision on the planning application should be made until the meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee at which the planning application is to be considered, when members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will have before them all necessary information to be able to make an informed decision, including any material facts arising from the site visit which the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste services considers should be reported to the Planning and Regulatory Committee.

4.8.39 Conduct of site visits

- (a) visits will be conducted in a formal manner.

- (b) the Chairperson or Vice-Chairperson will open the visit and remind members of its purpose and conduct.
- (c) Planning Officers will highlight issues relevant to site inspection. If issues are raised which necessitate consultation with the applicant or his agent, this should be done after the close of the visit and the outcome reported to the subsequent Planning and Regulatory Committee.
- (d) Ward councillors will be invited to site inspections in their wards and asked to highlight local issues relevant to the site inspection.
- (e) the Chairperson or Vice-Chairperson will close the visit.

4.8.40 General matters

- (a) no decision will be made concerning the planning application on site.
- (b) no formal notes will be made.
- (c) no hospitality will be accepted.

4.8.41 If a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee finds it necessary to visit a site alone (perhaps because it was not possible for them to attend a Planning and Regulatory Committee site visit), the Councillor should view the site only from public vantage points, seek to avoid any discussion with interested parties, and, if there is such discussion, make it clear that no decision on the planning application will be taken until it has been discussed at the relevant Planning and Regulatory Committee.

4.8.42 Material submitted to Planning and Regulatory Committee

4.8.43 If a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee receives material from or on behalf of an applicant or third party in connection with a planning application before a Planning and Regulatory Committee the Councillor should establish from the Planning Officers whether the material has been received by them. If it has not, Councillors should make it available as soon as possible to the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services.

4.8.44 Documents in connection with an application should all be dealt with in the Planning Officer's written report to Planning and Regulatory committee. Any additional information received after the preparation of that report up to noon on the day before the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting will also be brought to the attention of the Planning and Regulatory Committee if it raises new and relevant material planning matters. Papers received after that time will normally be discounted, since time will not be available to check their accuracy or to give consideration to their implications. A printed Planning and Regulatory Committee update will be published to Herefordshire Council's website the evening before the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting.

4.8.45 Declaration of interests in planning applications and at Planning and Regulatory Committee

4.8.46 Interests need to be considered and declared as necessary in accordance with the Code of Conduct.

4.8.47 If a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee has a Schedule 1, Schedule 2 or an "other interest which relates to a financial interest then under the code of conduct, the Councillor cannot participate in the meeting, or vote on any item at the meeting and does have to leave the meeting. The Councillor may attend a Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting only as a member of the public, for the purposes only of making representations, provided that the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same

purpose. The Councillor must declare they are attending the meeting as a member of the public at the start of the meeting. If a Councillor has such an interest they should notify the Monitoring Officer before the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting that they wish to speak.

- 4.8.48 If a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee has such an interest the procedure in Planning and Regulatory Committee will be as follows. The Planning Officer will present the report. If the Councillor wants to make representations, they will take their place in the space allocated to public participation. The Councillor will not be acting in their capacity as a Councillor and may make representations for no longer than three minutes (the time allocated to public participants at Planning and Regulatory Committee). Thereafter, the Councillor may take no further part in the debate or decision-making of the Planning and Regulatory Committee, and must immediately leave the meeting. Such a Councillor may not stay in the meeting or listen to any other public participation in respect of the application.
- 4.8.49 Withdrawal from the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting involves physically leaving the committee meeting room. The Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee should suspend the proceedings of the Planning and Regulatory Committee briefly while the Councillor leaves the committee meeting room.
- 4.8.50 Where a Councillor has a dispensation granted the Councillor may be granted the ability to speak and or vote by the by the Monitoring Officer and or Audit and Governance Committee. The Councillor will still need to declare the interest.
- 4.8.51 Planning officers must play no part in the processing of any planning application in circumstances where there is, or would be perceived to be, a conflict between their personal or financial interests, those of their families or friends, and their professional duty. They must openly declare the existence of any such conflict in writing to the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services. Any interest the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services has in an application must be declared to the Monitoring Officer.

4.8.52 Cabinet members

- 4.8.53 There will be occasions when a cabinet member will wish to express comments on a particular planning application. This may include where the council is the applicant. Cabinet members are permitted to speak at the Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting for the item, but must then withdraw from the meeting while the planning application is discussed and determined. Retiring to the public gallery is not sufficient and physical withdrawal from the room is required.
- 4.8.54 Where a cabinet member has a ward representation role, they may, at the discretion of the Chairperson, also speak as a Ward Councillor.

4.8.55 Planning and regulatory committee members who serve on parish and town councils

- 4.8.56 Some Councillors will be members of parish or town councils as well as Herefordshire councillors. In such circumstances Councillors may express their views and vote at the respective meetings of both councils having regard to the information available to them at that time. Having voiced a view and/or voted at a parish council meeting will not of itself prevent a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee being involved in decision making at Planning and Regulatory Committee. Prior indication of a view on a planning

application does not amount to predetermination. Similarly members on the Planning and Regulatory Committee can attend parish meetings in their ward and speak about planning applications. Talking to constituents be they applicants or objectors is permitted; it does not mean the Councillor has a closed mind. A member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will not be taken to have a closed mind just because they may previously have done anything that directly or indirectly indicated what view they had, would have or might take so long as they have an open mind to the debate on the application.

4.8.57 Ward Councillors

4.8.58 At Planning and Regulatory Committee a Ward Councillor will have an automatic right to start and close the member debate on the planning application concerned, subject to the provisions on the declaration of interests as reflected in 4.8.45 (Declaration of interests). Ward Councillors will be allocated a maximum of 10 minutes to speak at the beginning of the debate on the planning application and a maximum of 5 minutes at the close of the debate on the planning application. In the case of the Ward Councillor not being a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee they would be invited to address the Planning and Regulatory Committee for that item. In the case of the ward member being a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee they will not vote on that item, and act as the Councillor as set out above. To this extent all Ward Councillors have the opportunity of expressing their own views, and those of their constituents as they see fit, outside the regulatory controls of the Planning and Regulatory Committee. In some circumstances it is advisable for a substitute to be used for the planning committee meeting so that the ward councillor role is distinct.

4.8.59 Public speaking at Planning and Regulatory Committee

4.8.60 At Planning and Regulatory Committee the public will be permitted to speak at meetings when the following criteria are met:

- (a) the planning application on which they wish to speak is for decision at the Planning and Regulatory Committee
- (b) the person wishing to speak has already submitted written representations within the time allowed for comment
- (c) once an item is on an agenda for Planning and Regulatory Committee all those who have submitted written representations will be notified and any person wishing to speak must then register that intention with the Monitoring Officer at least 48 hours before the meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee
- (d) if consideration of the planning application is deferred at the meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee, only those who registered to speak at that meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will be permitted to do so when the deferred planning application is considered at a subsequent or later meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee
- (e) at the meeting a maximum of three minutes (at the Chairperson's discretion) will be allocated to each speaker from a parish council, objectors and supporters and only nine minutes in total will be allowed for public speaking
- (f) speakers may not distribute any written or other material of any kind at the Public and Regulatory committee meeting
- (g) speakers' comments must be restricted to the planning application under consideration and must relate directly to planning issues
- (h) on completion of public speaking, members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will proceed to determine the planning application

- (i) in relation to Major planning applications only, the Chairperson will in exceptional circumstances allow additional speakers and/or time for public speaking and may hold special meetings at local venues if appropriate.

4.8.61 Voting at Planning and Regulatory Committee

4.8.62 Members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will only be able to vote on an application before a Planning and Regulatory Committee if the member has been present for the whole of the presentation of and discussion on the planning application.

4.8.63 Decisions contrary to officer recommendations or to development plan policies

4.8.64 From time to time, there will be occasions when a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee or the Planning and Regulatory Committee disagrees with the professional advice on a planning application given by Planning Officers.

4.8.65 The law requires that decisions on planning applications should be taken in accordance with the development plans unless material considerations indicate otherwise (S38A Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004)

4.8.66 If the Planning and Regulatory Committee makes a decision contrary to the Planning Officer's recommendation (whether for approval or refusal) a detailed minute of the Planning and Regulatory Committee's reasons will be made and a copy placed on the application file. In this context members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee should be prepared to explain in full their reason for not agreeing with the Planning Officer's recommendation. In so doing, members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee should observe the 'Wednesbury principle' which requires all relevant information (i.e. material considerations) to be taken into account and all irrelevant information (i.e. non-material matters) to be ignored.

4.8.67 The Planning and Regulatory Committee may occasionally defer consideration of an application at a meeting to allow for a site visit to take place or to request additional information before reaching a decision. Where a motion for a deferral of an application is moved it will be put to the vote immediately. Clear reasons for the deferral must be stated when the motion is proposed. If the motion for deferral is carried there will be no further discussion of the application. Consideration and determination of the application will take place a later meeting date to be advised by the Assistant Director for Regulatory Environment and Waste.

4.8.68 Post decision

- 4.8.69 Ward Councillors will be advised where appropriate by the Planning Officer, the planning enforcement team, or the planning obligations manager of the following events:-
- (a) any evolving inconsistencies between a planning permission and development taking place
 - (b) any appeal against the refusal of planning permission
 - (c) the receipt/apportionment of Section 106 Agreement monies
 - (d) any proposed variations to the Section 106 Agreement.

4.8.70 Redirection of delegated planning decisions

4.8.71 The majority of decisions on planning applications are delegated to the Chief Executive and determined by Planning Officers acting under the Chief Executive's Scheme of Delegation in accordance with the Functions Scheme (Part 3). However Ward Councillors may choose to ask that a particular planning application is redirected for decision by the Planning and Regulatory Committee. A Ward Councillor for the purpose of this redirection procedure is the Ward Councillor in whose area the planning application lies and any councillor whose ward is materially affected by the planning application.

4.8.72 Reasons for redirection

4.8.73 A request for redirection should be made in writing to the Planning Officer assigned to the planning application. The Ward Councillor will need to ensure that the request for redirection is made on legitimate planning grounds as the reasons for the redirection request will be placed on the planning application file and will be accessible to view on Herefordshire Council's website.

4.8.74 A redirection will occur in the following circumstances:

- (a) the application raises unusual or sensitive planning issues which would benefit from the consideration of the Committee, or
- (b) the application has attracted an unusually high level of public interest and /or objections
- (c) there has been a recent and significant change of planning policy (either at national or local level) which would result in a different recommendation being made in respect of an application than would previously have been the case.

4.8.75 All requests for redirection will be discussed by the Service Director of Economy and Regulatory Services (or their delegate) and the Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee. A decision whether to accept the redirection will be made by the Director of Economy and Regulatory Services (or their delegate). The decision will be confirmed in writing. In the Chairperson's absence, the Vice-Chairperson will be consulted.

4.8.76 Whether or not the request for redirection is agreed the request will be published as a representation alongside the reason why the request was agreed or refused on the planning application on Herefordshire Council's website. The Planning Officer's written report will also give the name of the Ward Councillor making the request for redirection and the reasons for the redirection.

Ward Councillors must as part of the request for redirection state why the matters raised in the request for redirection warrant scrutiny by the Planning and Regulatory Committee.

4.8.76 There will be circumstances in which an application is amended in order to respond to issues raised in the normal processing of the planning application by the Planning Officer, statutory consultees or local residents. In the event that the reasons for redirection are resolved through the amendments made to the planning application the Ward Councillor will be at liberty to withdraw their request for redirection and a Planning and Regulatory Committee determination. Thereafter the decision will revert to a delegated decision.

4.8.77 The Redirection timescales

4.8.78 A request for redirection needs to be made as soon as possible after the date a valid planning application is submitted to avoid unnecessary delays in determining planning applications.

4.8.79 Conditional Redirection

4.8.80 In some cases, a Ward Councillor may be content that the application be re-directed only if planning officers are intending to grant or refuse planning permission. In that case a Ward Councillor can ask that the matter only be redirected in accordance with this procedure if it is either the intention of the planning officer to grant or refuse the application.

4.8.81 Other circumstances

4.8.82 Any other reasons for requesting a redirection other than those set out above will be considered on their individual merits and circumstances.

4.8.83 Procedure

4.8.84 A planning application which has been re-directed to the Planning and Regulatory Committee for determination will be considered in accordance with these rules and code.

The Ward Councillor who made the request for redirection will be notified of the date of the relevant Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting and will be invited to speak at that Planning and Regulatory Committee meeting in accordance with 4.8.57.

4.8.85 Applications in which a member of the councillor or an officer has an interest

4.8.86 All planning applications which are submitted by or on behalf of a Councillor in their private capacity, by their partner, a member of their family or a close association must be drawn to the attention of the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services by the Councillor in writing. If the Councillor has a material interest in the outcome of the application or if the application is submitted by their partner, it will be determined by the Planning and Regulatory Committee and if the Councillor is a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee the Councillor must take no part in the determination of the planning application. The Councillor must declare a schedule 1, schedule 2 or an other interest which relates to a financial interest interest and may only speak as the applicant or appoint an agent to speak on their behalf in accordance with paragraph 4.8.59 (Public Speaking at Planning and Regulatory Committee).

4.8.87 If the planning application is from a member of a Councillor's family or a close associate, or the Councillor otherwise has a conflict of interest, then the Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee will appoint another Councillor to provide procedural and other advice and information to the applicant, and to the town or parish council concerned. If the application is also in the Councillor's ward this nominated Councillor will speak at Planning and Regulatory Committee.

4.8.87 All planning applications submitted from officers who are employed in the planning service or work closely with it or who are a senior manager as defined in the Council's pay policy statement, or by a close family member such that the officer has a material interest in the planning application, must be re-directed to the Planning and Regulatory Committee for a decision, rather than being dealt with in accordance with the scheme of delegation to Planning Officers. If the officer concerned is present at the meeting of the Planning and

Regulatory Committee at which such an application is determined, the officer must leave the room during consideration of the planning application.

PART 2 THE ROLE OF COUNCILLORS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

4.8.88 Councillors who are not members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee who are Ward Councillors affected by a planning application represent their own views or that of their constituents as a consultee and will be consulted on the planning application, will be invited to speak at the Planning and Regulatory Committee and attend any site inspections that take place in their ward.

4.8.89 Councillors who are not members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee should not lobby members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee in order to secure the outcome on a planning application that either they or their constituents seek. The Ward Councillor, the appropriate town or parish council and local residents will have the opportunity to present their views to the Planning and Regulatory Committee in accordance with the Council's procedure for public speaking at the Planning and Regulatory Committee as set out in 4.8.59.

4.8.90 All Councillors may attend meetings of the Council's Planning and Regulatory Committee even if they are not a member of the Planning and Regulatory Committee. Councillors attending a meeting of the Planning and Regulatory Committee should not sit in the public gallery, but in the place reserved in the committee room for Councillors who are not members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee.

PART 3 THE ROLE OF PLANNING OFFICERS

4.8.91 In reporting to the Planning and Regulatory Committee, Planning Officers will:

- (a) provide professional and impartial advice
- (b) make sure that all information necessary for a decision to be made is given
- (c) set the planning application in the context of the development plan documents and all other material considerations
- (d) include the substance of objections and the views of people who have been consulted
- (e) provide a clear and accurate written analysis of the issues
- (f) give a clear recommendation

4.8.92 Record keeping should be complete and accurate. Every planning application file should contain an accurate account of events throughout its life. Particular care is to be taken with delegated decisions, which should be as well documented and recorded as those taken by members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee. These principles apply equally to enforcement and development plan matters.

4.8.93 Any material planning information which is received after the written report has been prepared and before the cut-off time specified in 4.8.44 above will be presented orally to the Planning and Regulatory Committee by Planning Officers.

4.8.94 The Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services in discussion with the Chairperson of the Planning and Regulatory Committee, may withdraw any item from the agenda of the Planning and Regulatory Committee after the preparation of the written report but before discussion by the Planning and Regulatory Committee if the circumstances of the consideration of a planning application change within that period.

4.8.95 Planning Officers are responsible for carrying out the decisions of the Planning and Regulatory Committee, whether or not those decisions are in line with Planning Officer recommendations.

4.8.96 Discussions on Planning Applications

4.8.97 All Planning Officers taking part in pre-application or post-submission discussions with applicants, supporters or objectors should make it clear that decisions on planning applications are taken either:

- (a) by the members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee in committee, or
- (b) in specific circumstances by the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services or by a Planning Officer to whom they have the power to delegate.

4.8.98 A written note will be made of all such meetings and may be distributed. The meeting note and any follow-up correspondence must be placed on the planning application file, in case a planning application is made following initial discussions.

4.8.99 Officers may not receive gifts or hospitality beyond usual refreshment (such as tea or coffee) at a meeting, from people with an interest in a planning proposal.

4.8.90 Action on Decisions Taken Contrary to Professional Advice

4.8.91 In cases where a Planning Officer recommendation for approval has been overturned by the Planning and Regulatory Committee and an appeal or that decision is lodged:

- (a) Planning Officers will give full support to members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee and any external witnesses in preparing evidence for any public inquiry, short of giving evidence themselves; and
- (b) Planning Officers will give evidence themselves only in exceptional circumstances, where their Code of Professional Conduct is not breached; and
- (c) where a hearing is to be held, with no cross-examination, Planning Officers may give evidence themselves, but this will normally be only if the Planning Officer concerned has not been involved in formulating the original recommendation; and
- (d) Planning Officers must give full support to members of the Planning and Regulatory Committee where a decision is appealed using the written representations procedures.

4.8.92 Delegations to planning officers

4.8.93 If the Assistant Director Regulatory, Environment and Waste Services is unavailable or unable to fulfil any of their functions in these rules and code, they may nominate a substitute to exercise those functions on their behalf as set out in the scheme of delegation.